(a) The Sieve of Sundaram is an infinite table of arithmetic sequences. The terms in the first 4 rows and the first 4 columns of the table are shown below.

| 4 | 7 | 10 | 13 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 12 | 17 | 22 |  |  |
| 10 | 17 | 24 | 31 |  |  |
| 13 | 22 | 31 | 40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

(i) Find the difference between the sums of the first 45 terms in the first two rows.

(ii) Find the number which is in the $60^{\text {th }}$ row and $70^{\text {th }}$ column of the table.
$\qquad$
(b) The first two terms of a sequence are $a_{1}=4$ and $a_{2}=2$.

The general term is defined by $a_{n}=a_{n-1}-a_{n-2}$, when $n \geq 3$.
Write out the next 6 terms of the sequence and hence find the value of $a_{2019}$


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