(a) Differentiate $(3 x-5)(2 x+4)$ with respect to $x$ from first principles.

(b) (i) $h(x)=\frac{1}{2} \ln (2 x+3)+C$, where $C$ is a constant.

Find $h^{\prime}(x)$, the derivative of $h(x)$.

(ii) The diagram below shows part of the graph of the function $h^{\prime}(x)$.

The shaded region in the diagram is between the graph and the $x$-axis, from $x=0$ to $x=A$.
This shaded region has an area of $\ln 3$ square units. Find the value of $A$.



