

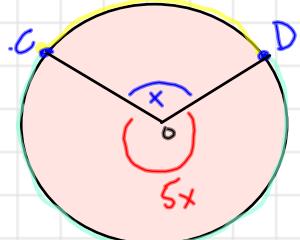
Area and Volume

Section 6.2

**Example 2**

A minor arc CD of a circle, centre O and radius 20 cm, subtends an angle x radians at O . The major arc CD of the circle subtends an angle $5x$ radians at O . Find, in terms of π , the length of the minor arc.

$$\pi = \pi$$



$$6x = 360^\circ$$

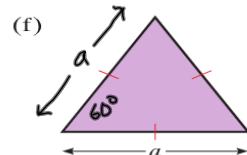
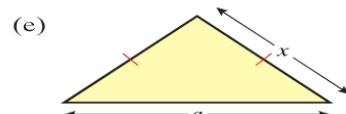
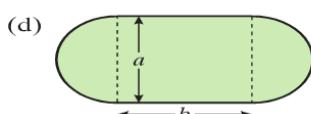
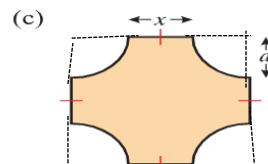
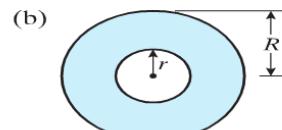
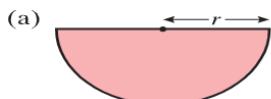
$$x = 60^\circ$$

$$\text{Arc} = \frac{\theta}{360} (2\pi R)$$

$$\text{Arc} = \frac{60}{360} (2\pi \cdot 20)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} (40\pi) = \frac{20\pi}{3}$$

3. Write a formula for each of the following shaded areas.



$$\text{Area} = \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} (\pi r^2)$$

$$\text{Side of square} = 2a+x$$

$$\text{Radius circle} = a$$

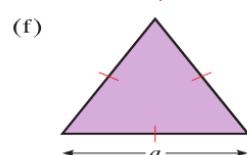
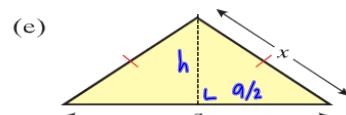
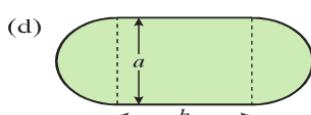
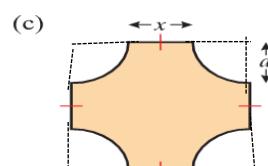
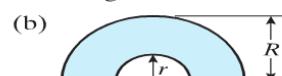
$$a) A = \frac{\pi r^2}{2}$$

$$b) A = \pi R^2 - \pi r^2$$

$$c) A = \text{Square} - 4(\frac{1}{4} \text{circle}) \\ = (2a+x)^2 - \pi a^2$$

$$d) A = \text{rectangle} + 2(\frac{1}{2} \text{circle}) \\ = ab + \pi \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2$$

3. Write a formula for each of the following shaded areas.



$$A = \frac{Bh}{2}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$\text{Base} = a$$

$$x^2 = \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 + h^2 \Rightarrow h^2 = x^2 - \frac{a^2}{4}$$

$$h = \sqrt{x^2 - a^2/4}$$

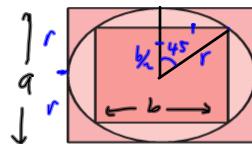
$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{a \sqrt{x^2 - a^2/4}}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}abs \sin C$$

$$A = \frac{a^2}{2} \sin 60^\circ = \frac{a^2}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^2$$

8. (i) A circle is shown with both an inscribed and a circumscribed square.

Find the ratio of the area of the inner square to the area of the outer square.



let a = side of
outer square
and b = side of
inner square

let r = radius circle

Pythagoras:

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

$$\text{Area}_{\text{outer}} = a^2$$

$$\text{Area}_{\text{inner}} = b^2$$

$$\text{Ratio} = b^2 : a^2$$

$$r^2 = \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{2b^2}{4} = \frac{b^2}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b^2 = 2r^2$$

$$a = 2r \Rightarrow a^2 = 4r^2$$

Ratio

$$\Rightarrow b^2 : a^2 = 2r^2 : 4r^2 = 1 : 2$$