



Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit
State Examinations Commission

Leaving Certificate Examination 2011
Sample Paper

Mathematics
(Project Maths – Phase 2)

Paper 1

Higher Level

Time: 2 hours, 30 minutes

300 marks

Examination number

Centre stamp

Running total	
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For examiner	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
Total	

Grade

Instructions

There are **three** sections in this examination paper:

Section A	Concepts and Skills	100 marks	4 questions
Section B	Contexts and Applications	100 marks	2 questions
Section C	Functions and Calculus (old syllabus)	100 marks	3 questions

Answer questions as follows:

In Section A, answer **all four** questions

In Section B, answer **both** Question 5 **and** Question 6

In Section C, answer **any two** of the three questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. There is space for extra work at the back of the booklet. You may also ask the superintendent for more paper. Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.

The superintendent will give you a copy of the booklet of *Formulae and Tables*. You must return it at the end of the examination. You are not allowed to bring your own copy into the examination.

Marks will be lost if all necessary work is not clearly shown.

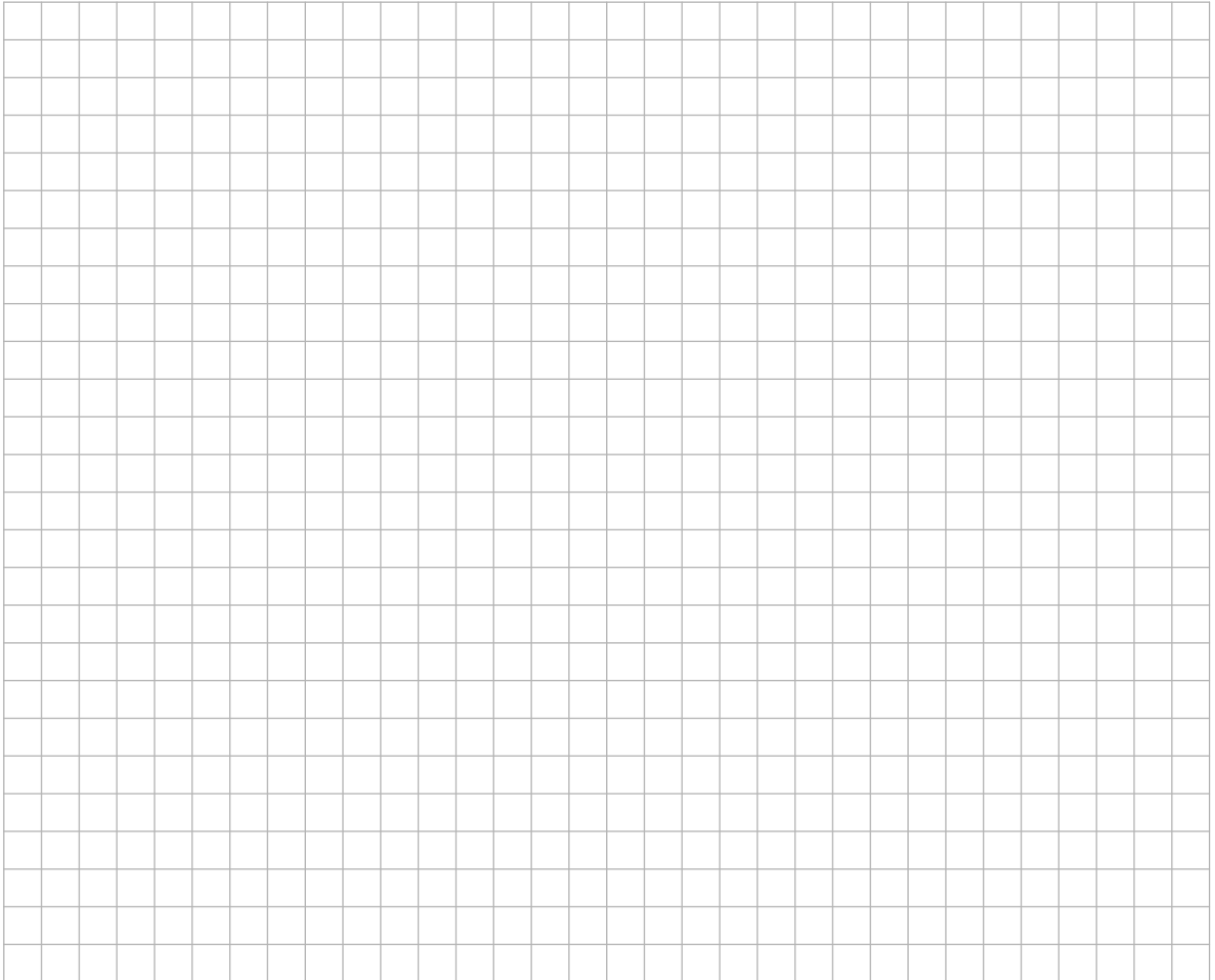
Answers should include the appropriate units of measurement, where relevant.

Answers should be given in simplest form, where relevant.

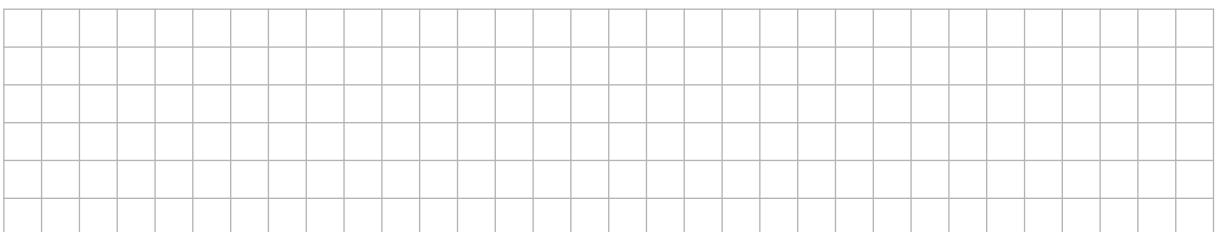
Question 2

(25 marks)

- (a) (i) Prove by induction that, for any n , the sum of the first n natural numbers is $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$.



- (ii) Find the sum of all the natural numbers from 51 to 100, inclusive.



- (b) Given that $p = \log_c x$, express $\log_c \sqrt{x} + \log_c (cx)$ in terms of p .



Question 4

(25 marks)

- (a)** Solve the simultaneous equations,

$$2x + 8y - 3z = -1$$

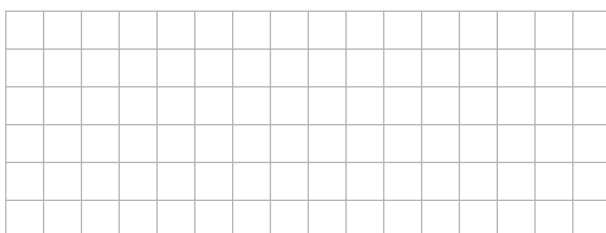
$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$

$$2x + y + z = 5.$$



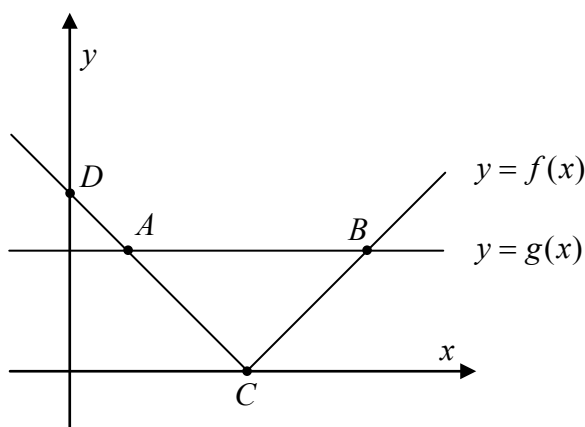
- (b)** The graphs of the functions $f : x \mapsto |x - 3|$ and $g : x \mapsto 2$ are shown in the diagram.

- (i)** Find the co-ordinates of the points A , B , C and D .

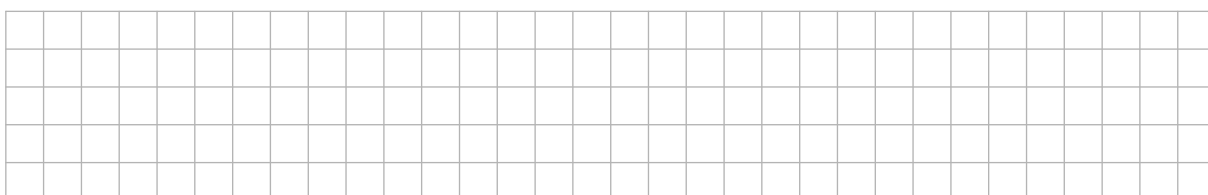


$$A = (\quad , \quad) \quad B = (\quad , \quad)$$

$$C = (\quad , \quad) \quad D = (\quad , \quad)$$



- (ii)** Hence, or otherwise, solve the inequality $|x - 3| < 2$.

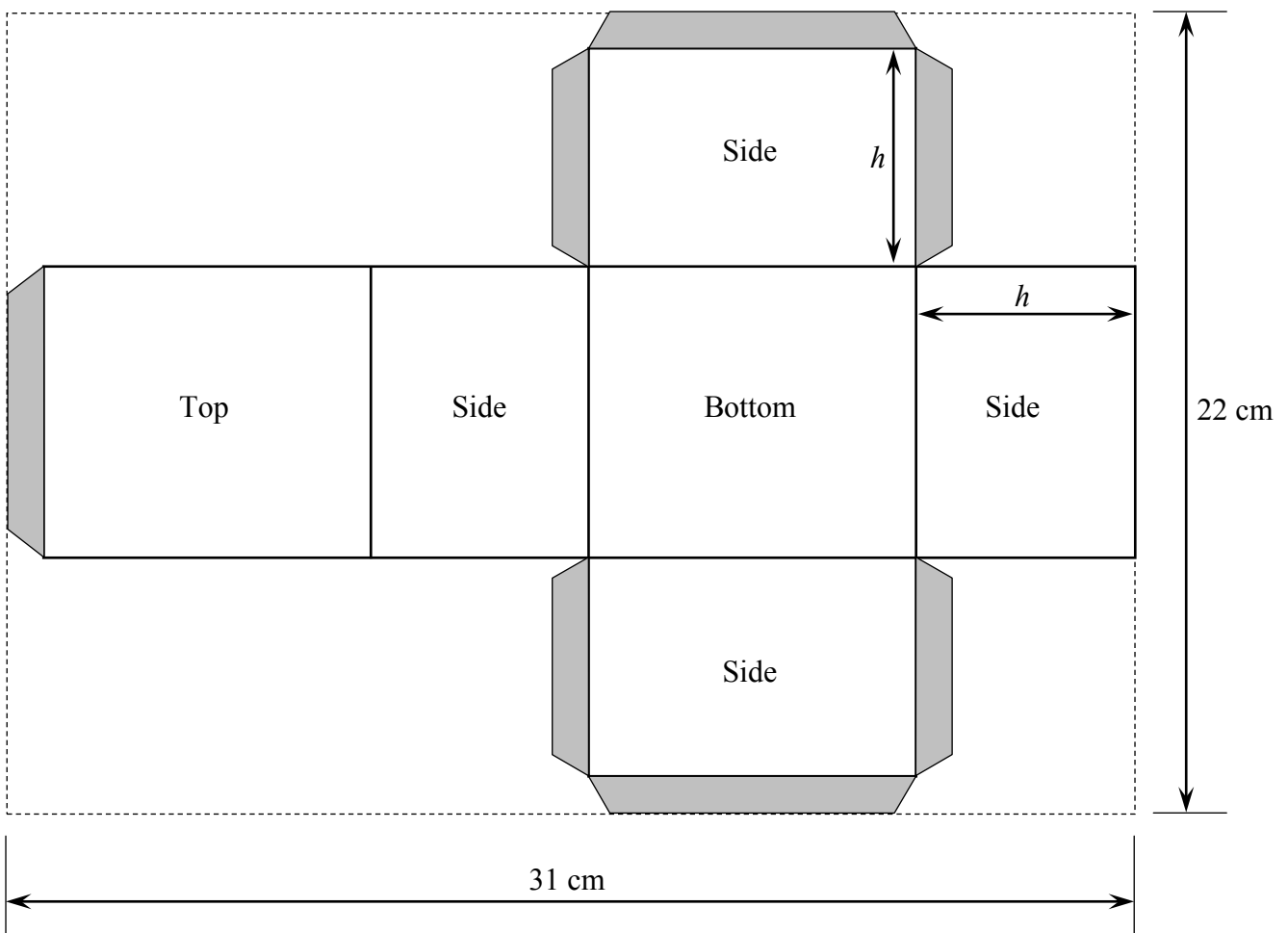


Answer **both** Question 5 **and** Question 6.

Question 5**(50 marks)**

A company has to design a rectangular box for a new range of jellybeans. The box is to be assembled from a single piece of cardboard, cut from a rectangular sheet measuring 31 cm by 22 cm. The box is to have a capacity (volume) of 500 cm^3 .

The net for the box is shown below. The company is going to use the full length and width of the rectangular piece of cardboard. The shaded areas are flaps of width 1 cm which are needed for assembly. The height of the box is h cm, as shown on the diagram.

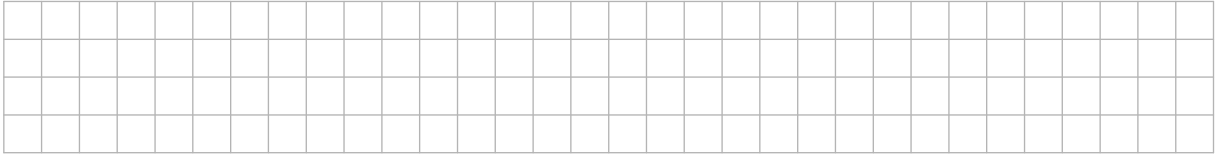


- (a) Write the dimensions of the box, in centimetres, in terms of h .

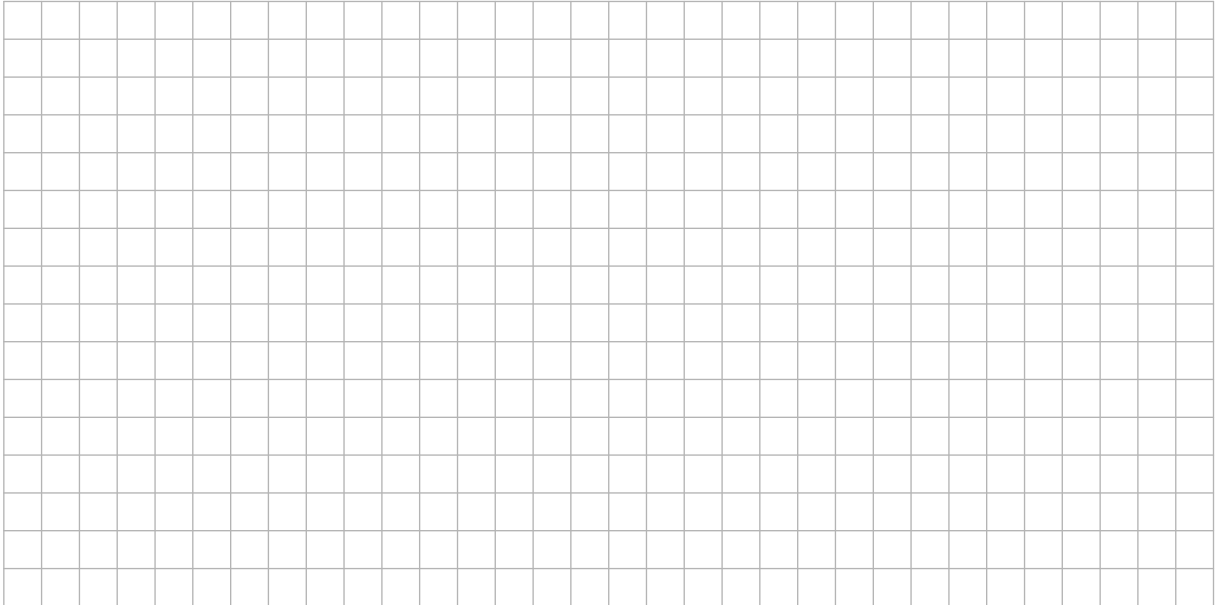
height =	h	cm
length =	_____	cm
width =	_____	cm

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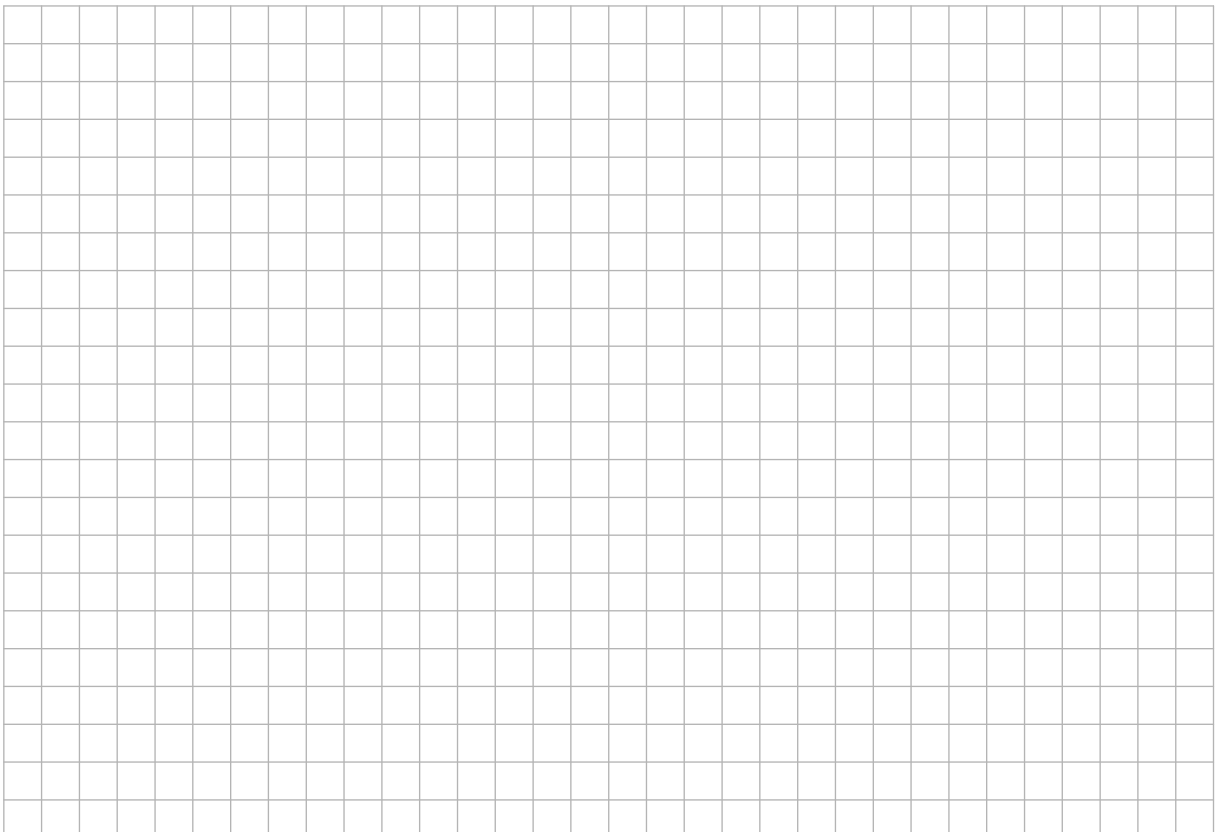
- (b)** Write an expression for the capacity of the box in cubic centimetres, in terms of h .



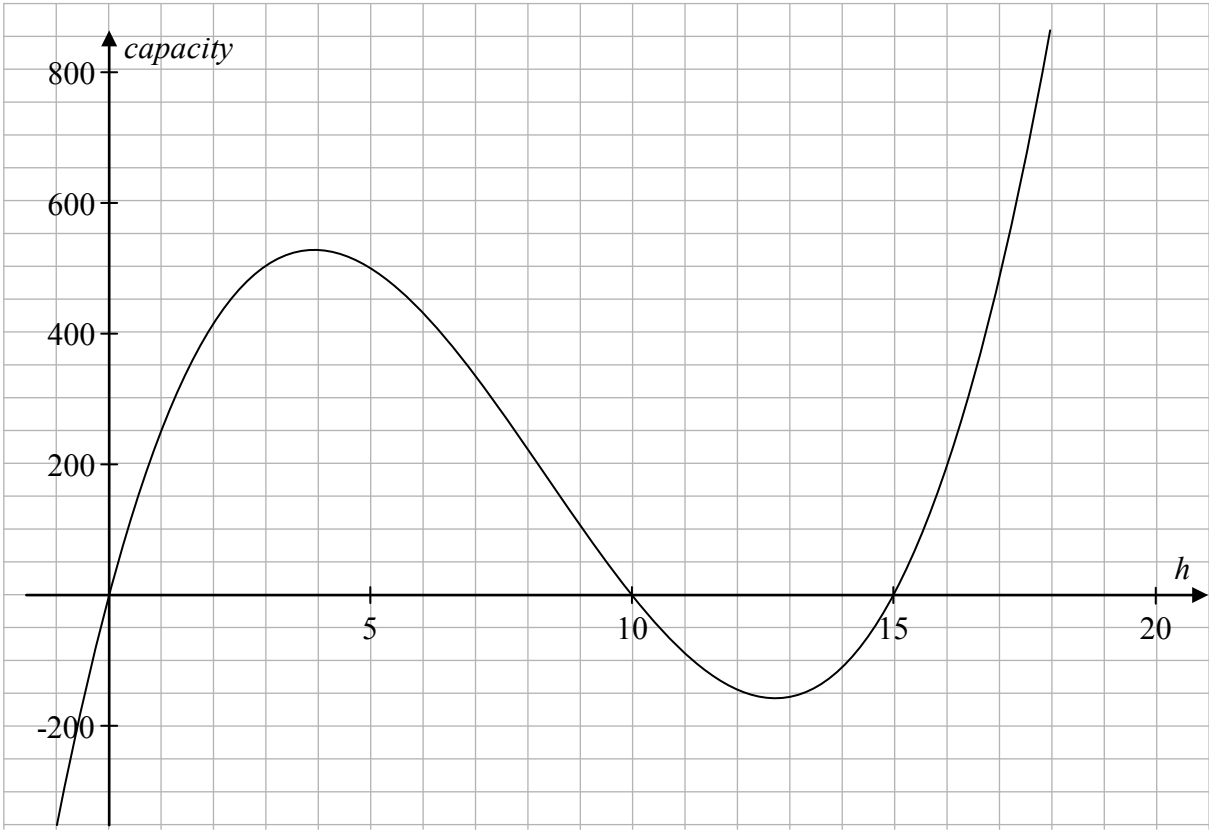
- (c)** Show that the value of h that gives a box with a square bottom will give the correct capacity.



- (d)** Find, correct to one decimal place, the other value of h that gives a box of the correct capacity.



- (e) The client is planning a special “10% extra free” promotion and needs to increase the capacity of the box by 10%. The company is checking whether they can make this new box from a piece of cardboard the same size as the original one (31 cm × 22 cm). A graph of the box’s capacity as a function of h is shown below. Use the graph to explain why it is *not* possible to make the larger box from such a piece of cardboard.

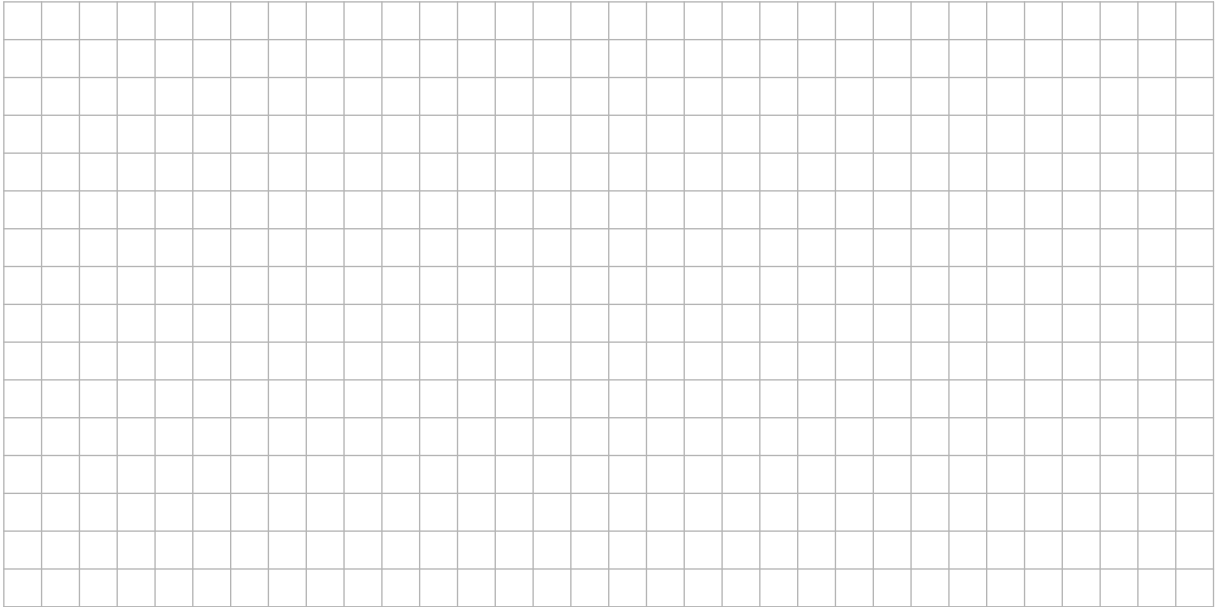


Explanation:

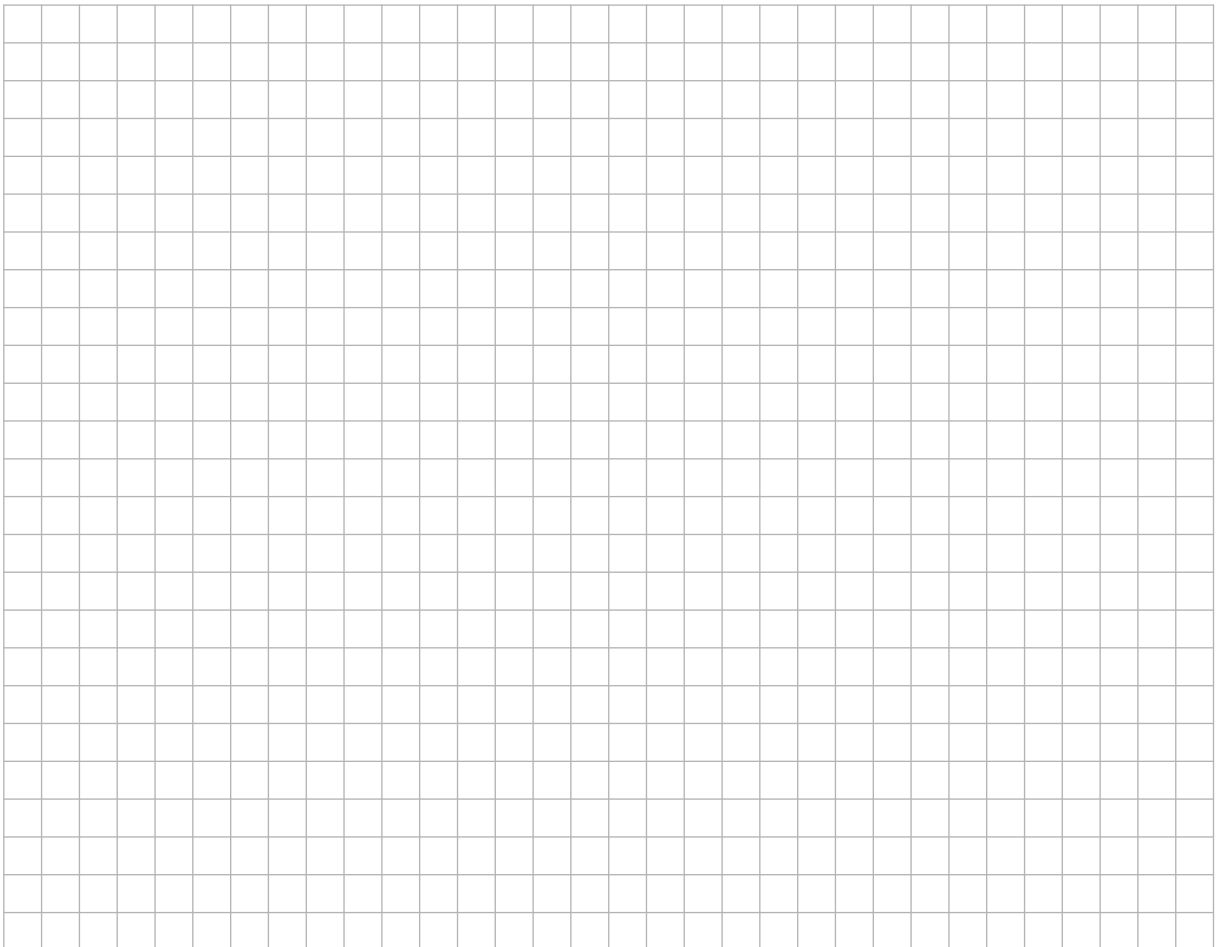
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(c) A curve is defined by the equation $x^2y^3 + 4x + 2y = 12$.

(i) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x and y .



(ii) Show that the tangent to the curve at the point $(0, 6)$ is also the tangent to it at the point $(3, 0)$.

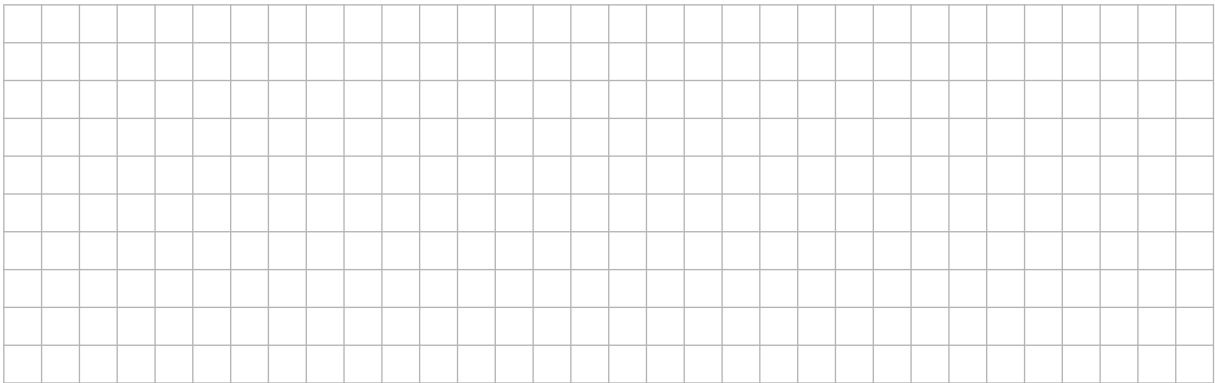


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Question 8

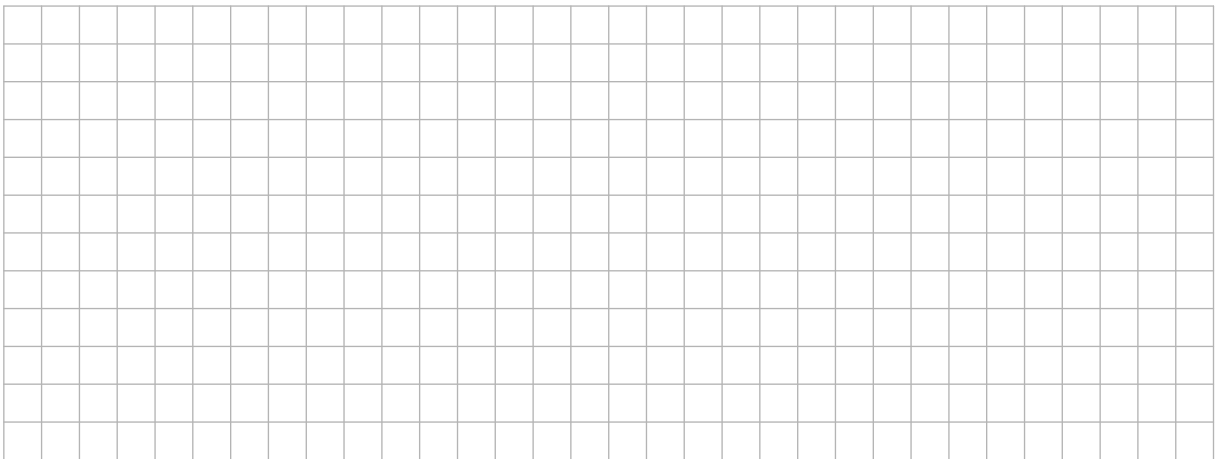
(50 marks)

(a) Differentiate x^2 with respect to x from first principles.

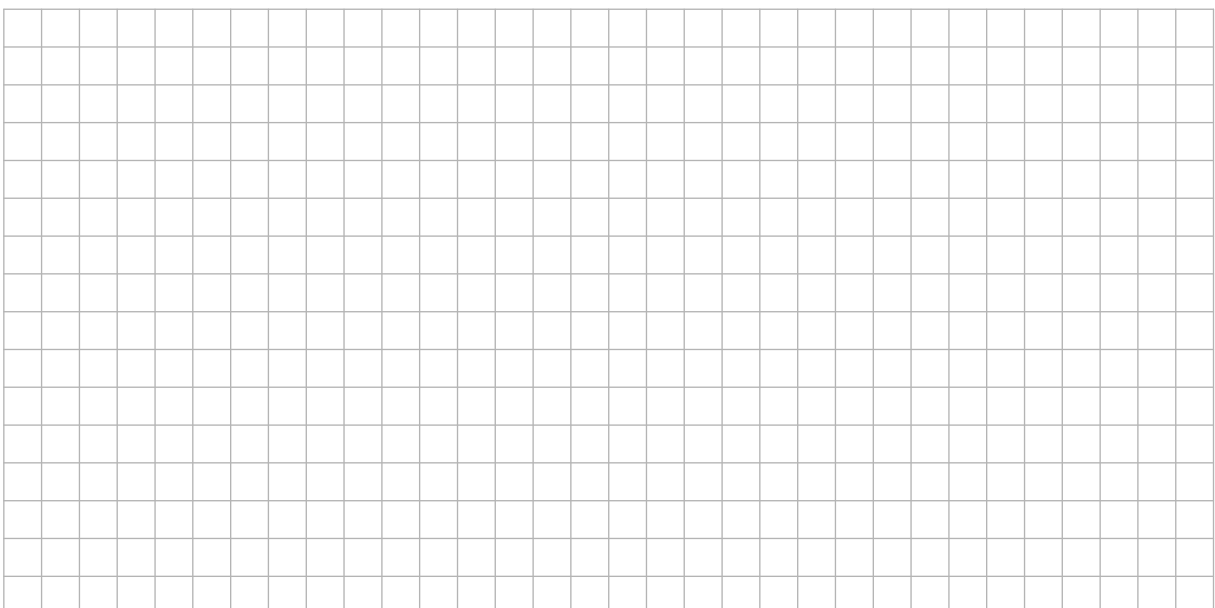


(b) Let $y = \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x - \sin x}$.

(i) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

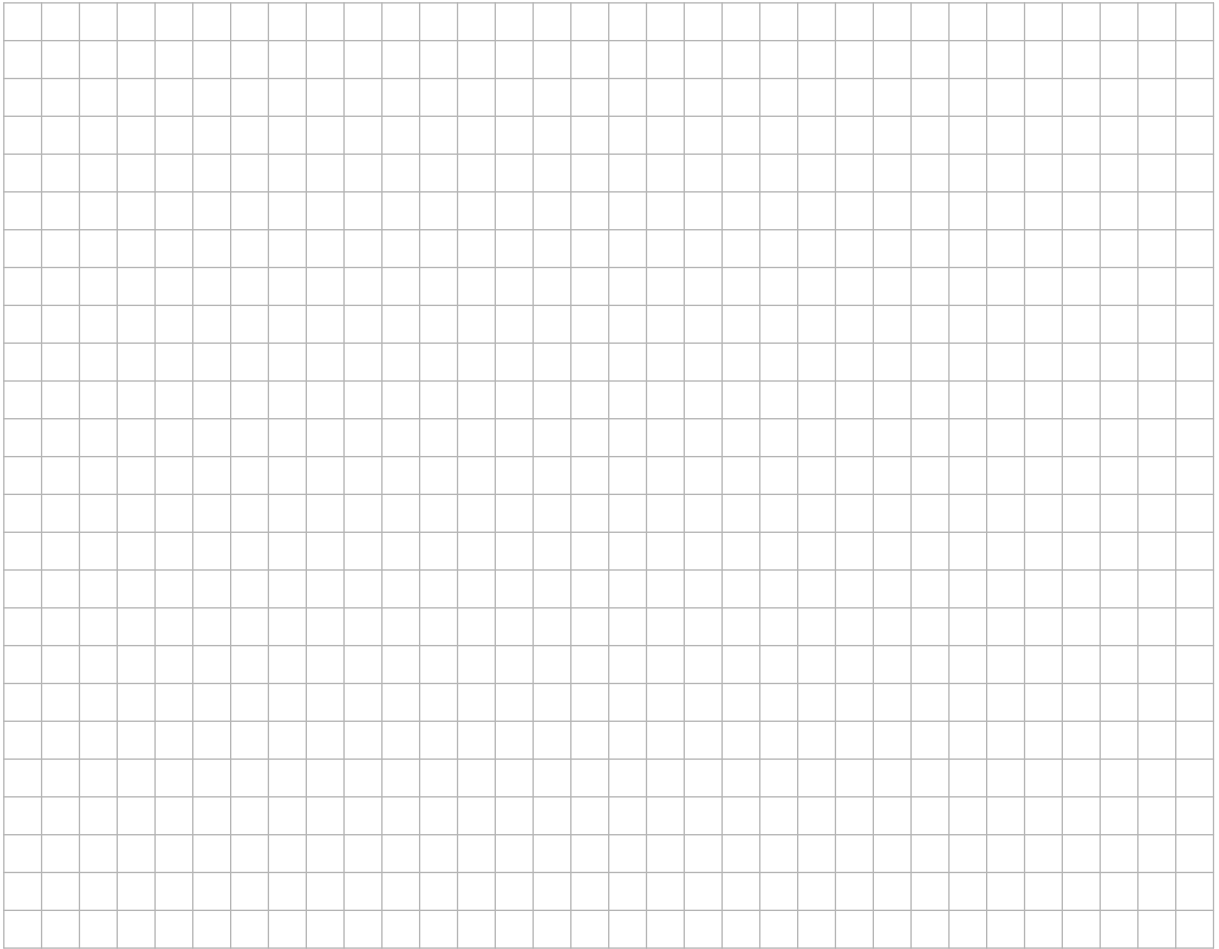


(ii) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$.

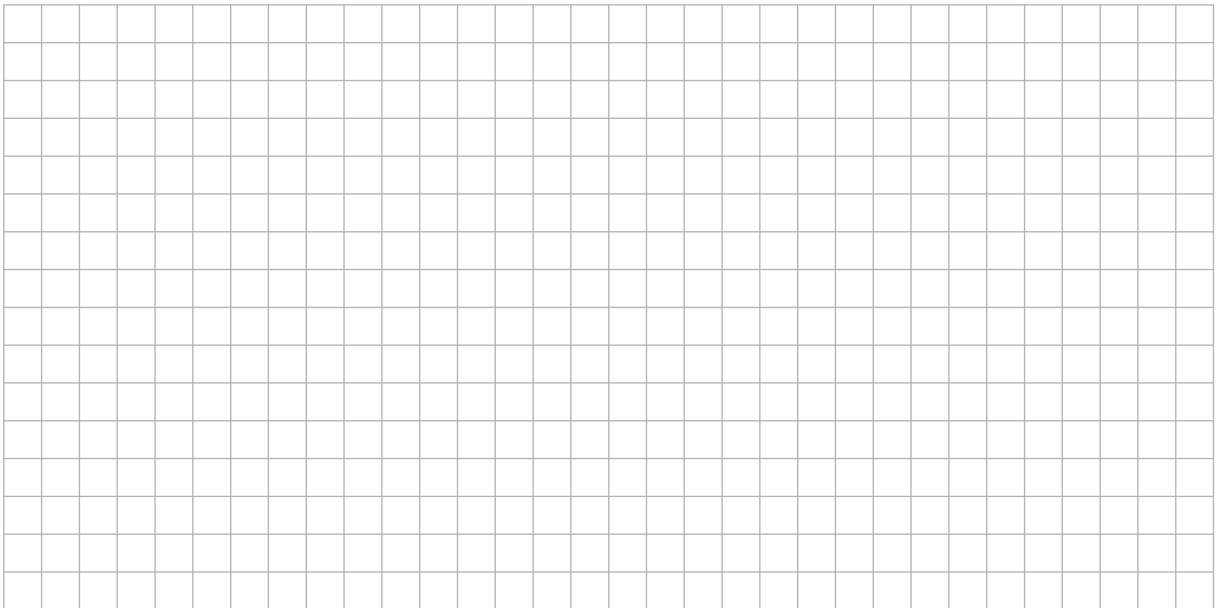


(c) The function $f(x) = (1+x)\log_e(1+x)$ is defined for $x > -1$.

(i) Show that the curve $y = f(x)$ has a turning point at $\left(\frac{1-e}{e}, -\frac{1}{e}\right)$.



(ii) Determine whether the turning point is a local maximum or a local minimum.

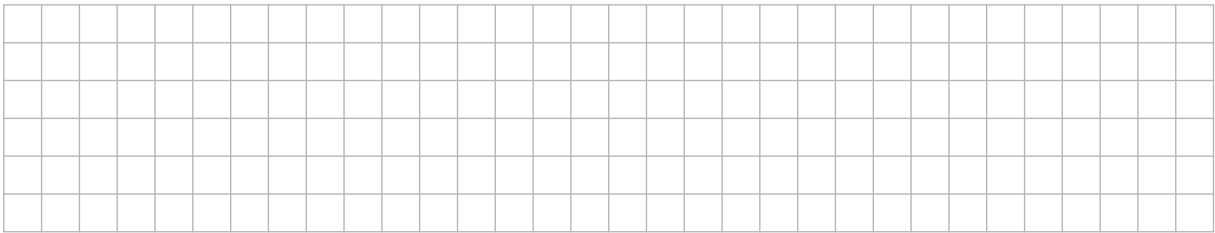


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Question 9

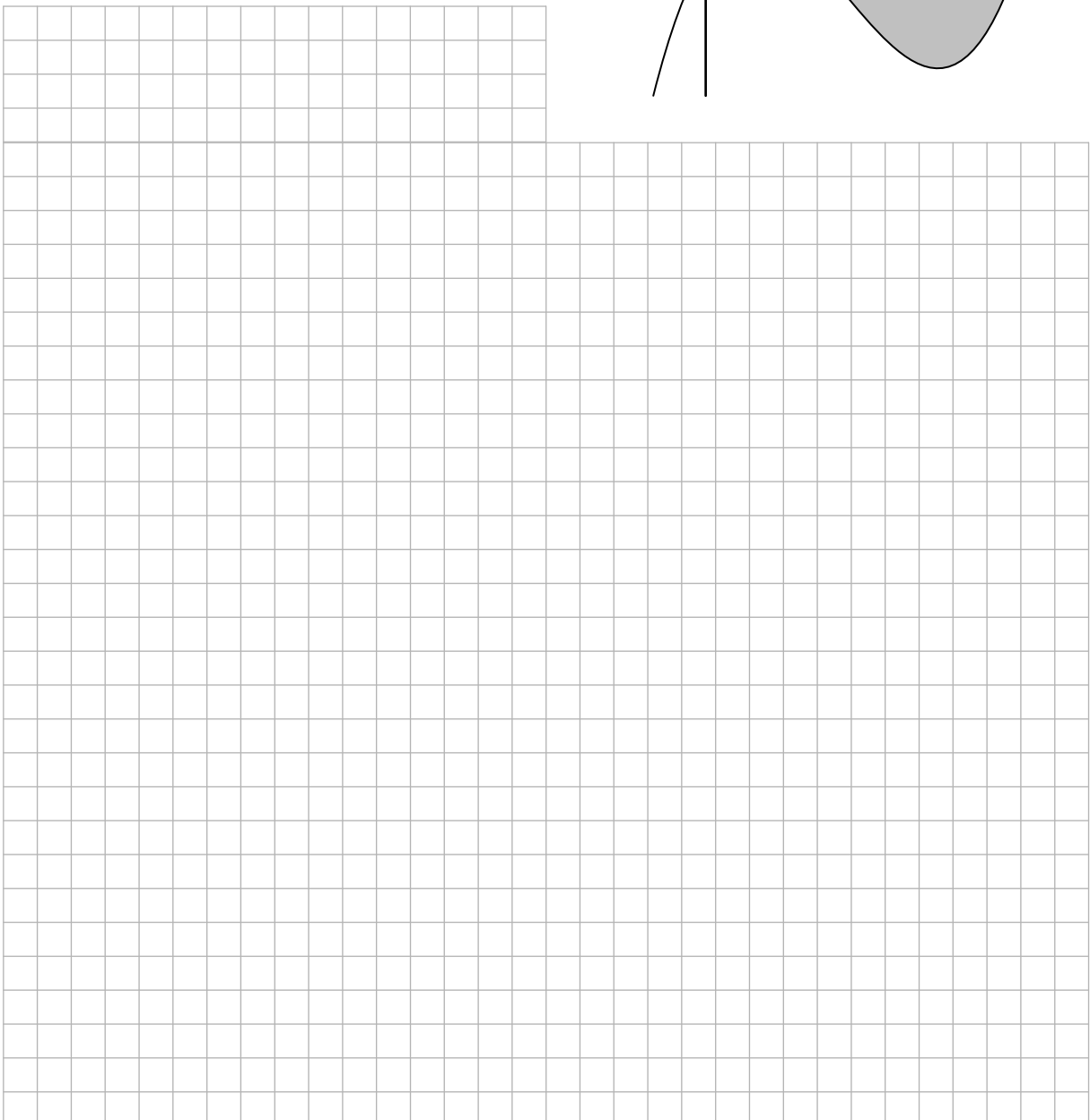
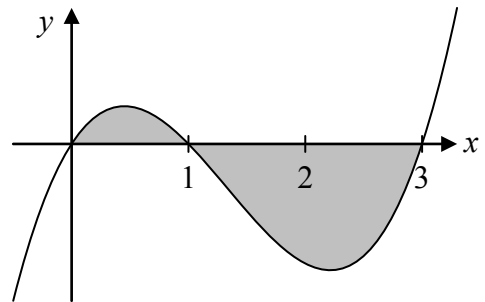
(50 marks)

(a) Find $\int (\sin 2x + e^{4x}) dx$.



(b) The curve $y = 12x^3 - 48x^2 + 36x$ crosses the x-axis at $x = 0$, $x = 1$ and $x = 3$, as shown.

Calculate the total area of the shaded regions enclosed by the curve and the x-axis.



(c) (i) Find, in terms of a and b ,

$$I = \int_a^b \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} dx$$

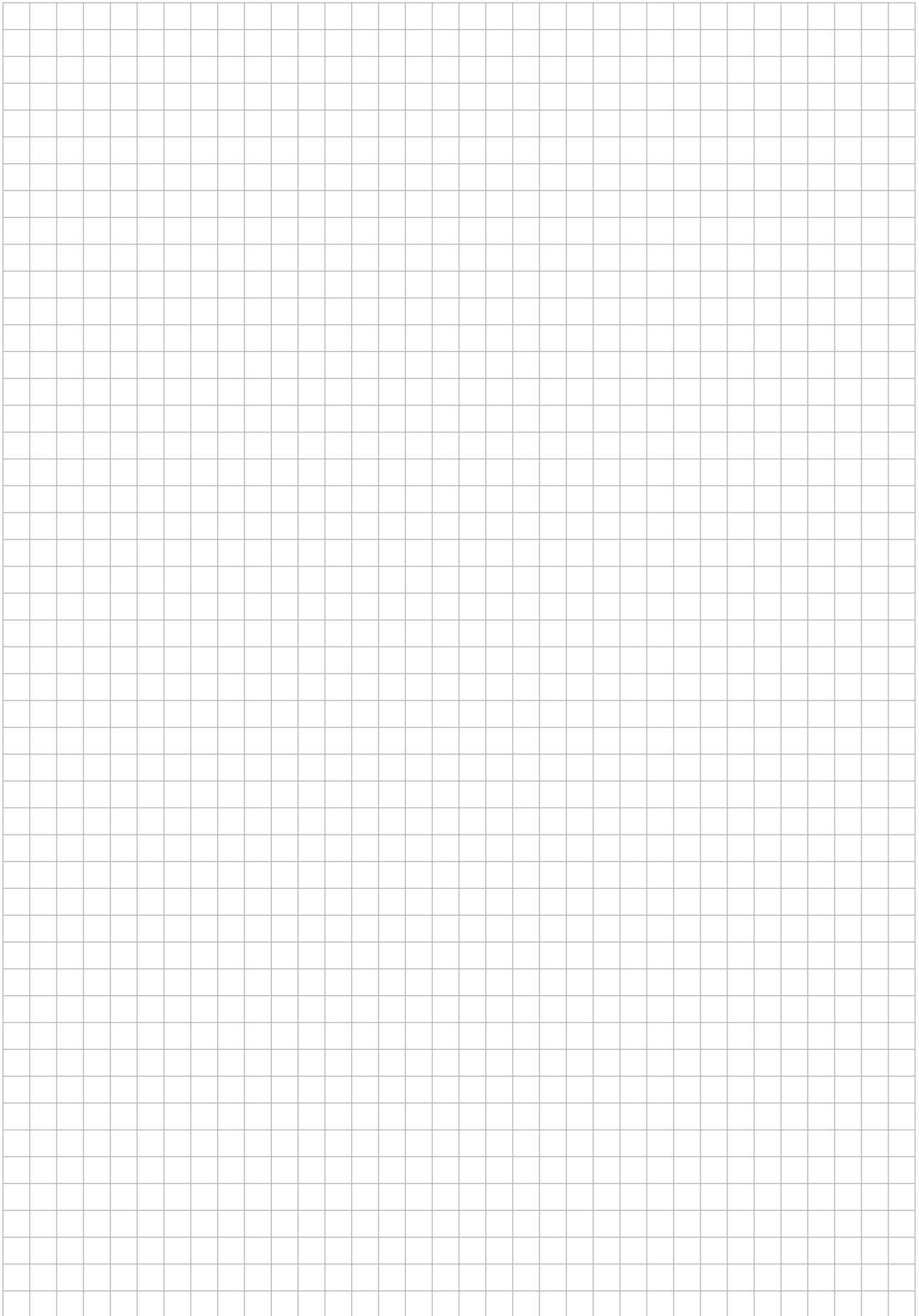
(ii) Find in terms of a and b ,

$$J = \int_a^b \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} dx.$$

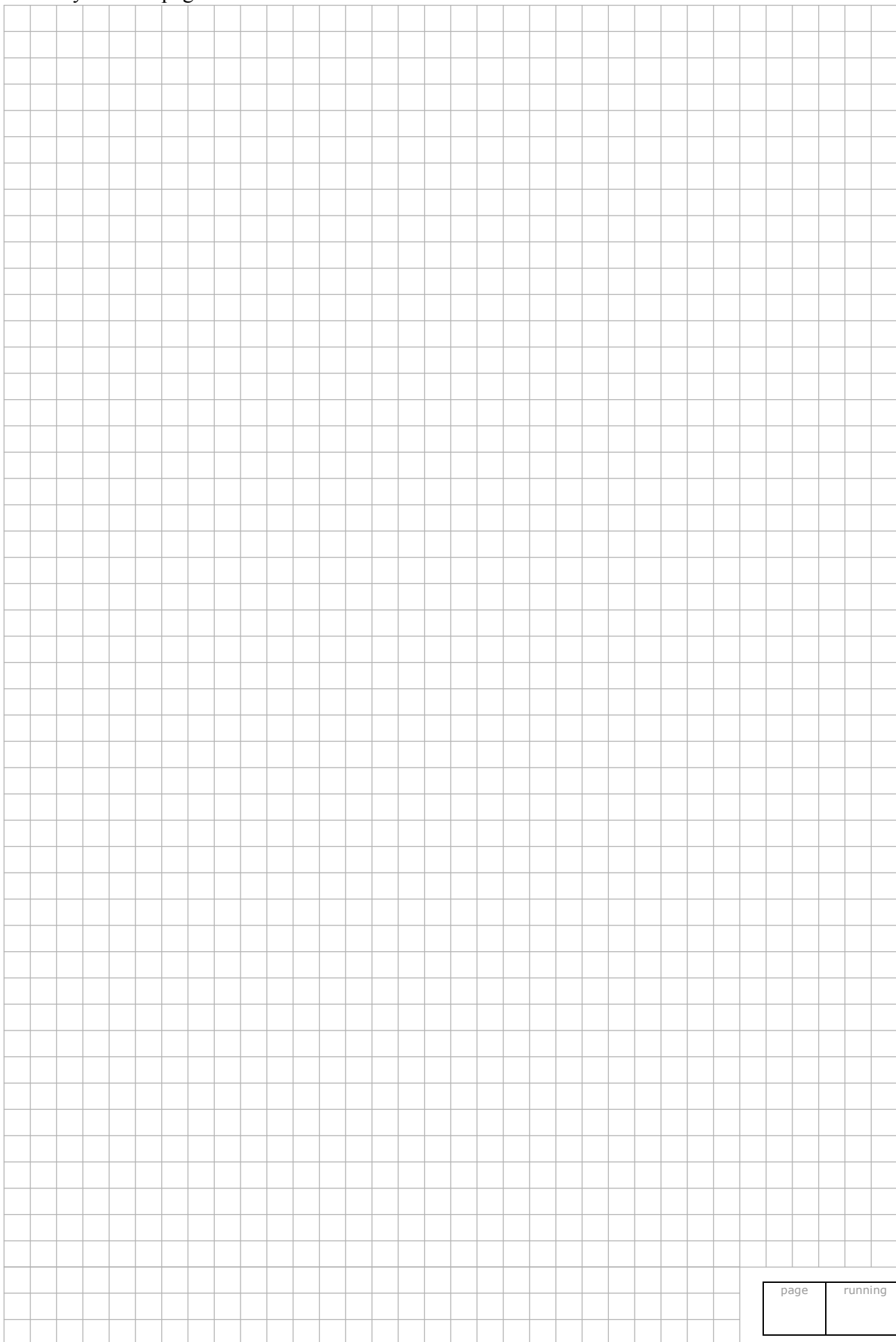
(iii) Show that if $a + b = \frac{\pi}{2}$, then $I = J$.

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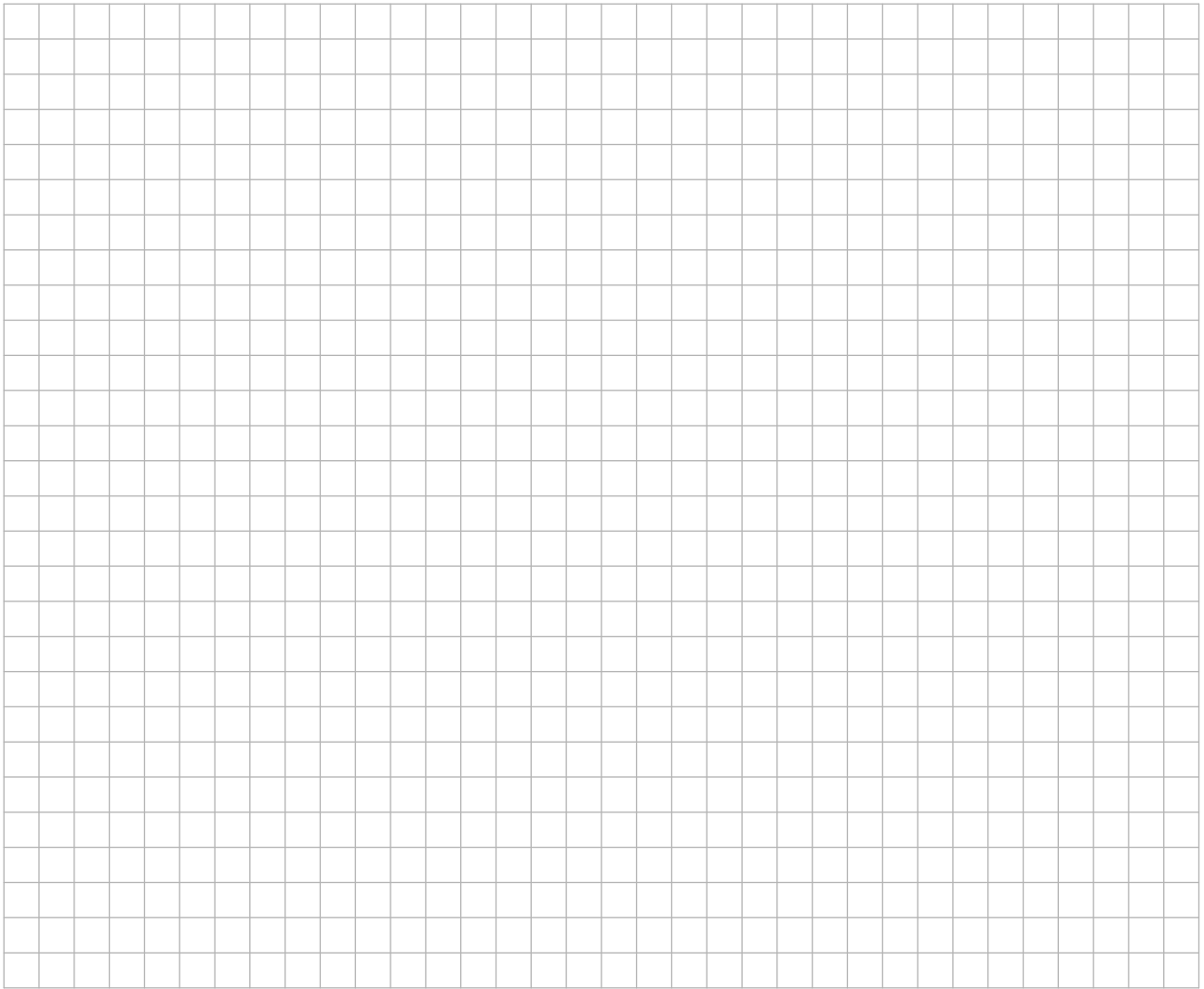
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Note to readers of this document:

This sample paper is intended to help teachers and candidates prepare for the June 2011 examination in the *Project Maths* initial schools. The content and structure do not necessarily reflect the 2012 or subsequent examinations in the initial schools or in all other schools.

In the 2011 examination, questions 7, 8, and 9 in Section C on paper 1 will be the same questions as those that appear as 6, 7, and 8 on the examination for candidates who are not in the initial schools. On this sample paper, the corresponding questions from the 2010 examination have been inserted to illustrate.

Leaving Certificate 2011 – Higher Level

Mathematics (Project Maths – Phase 2) – Paper 1

Sample Paper

Time: 2 hours 30 minutes